*In this paper, the bad effect of smoking is described. Many people smoke. I don’t like cigarettes. It is because the smoke of cigarettes is stinking. In addition, cigarettes makes us having more risk of cancer. Moreover, the butts exist around cities. For those reasons, smoking does much harm but no good. We came to conclude that smoking must be prohibited.*

There are some people who smokes. I don’t like the smell of cigarettes. Therefore, I disagree to establish the place for smoking, for example, restaurants, schools, and station square. I will suggest that all place for smoking must be abolished. I have three reasons.

 First, there are many people who hate the smell of cigarettes like me. When I had a cold, the smoke of cigarettes made me worse. In addition, when you enjoy eating the meal, the smell of cigarettes makes the taste of your meal bad. Moreover, there are children in restaurants. Therefore I don’t think that existing the place for smoking is good.

 Second, the risk of passive smoking is high. If you don’t smoke, the risk of having lung cancer is low. However, if there are some people who smoke around you, your risk of having lung cancer is higher. In addition, there are many people who has not become adult in school. In spite of it, there are smoking area in schools. It causes passive smoking of children. Takada（2017）said that smoking gives bad effects to their body. For these reasons, to exist smoking area has bad effect for children.

 Third, there are many butts on streets, in front of stations, and in rivers. In spite of putting ashtrays, people throw away butts. A lot of smokers don’t obey a rule. The rule is that we must not throw away butts except garbage cans. If you smoke, you have to throw away butts in garbage cans. It is because, if dogs and cats eat butts, they become sick. In addition, butts makes city dirty. Kuroda（2011） said that throwing away makes city dirty and if fire remains burning, there is a risk to turn into a fire.

 For these reasons, to prohibit smoking is important. However, there are some people who don’t think that to prohibit smoking is good.

 They suggest that cigarettes tax occupies most of Japanese tax. It is truth, but there are a lot of other tax. Therefore, it is not necessary to collect cigarettes tax. In addition, smokers don’t think that smoking directly linked to have cancers. However the risk of having cancer is higher than not smoker. Moreover, people who is nearby smokers are also have high risk. Sakaguchi（2019） said that wives’ risks of having cancer is 2.03 times higher than there are no smokers around them.

 Therefore, I think that to prohibit smoking has no problem. To say nothing of having good effects.

REFERENCES

Iwata. K. (2019, February 1). Rozyoukitsuenn oyobi daitai kanetsushiki tabako no ishikichousa: Akitashi to Takasakishi wo taisyou to shite [Consumer survey on street smoking and alternative heated cigarettes: A case study in Akita City and Takasaki City]. Retrieved July 18, 2019, from松大論集30巻6号-岩田（共著）-1.pdf

Kuroda, E. (2011, December 9). Rozyoukituenn ni kannrennsita zittaichousa [A Survey of Littering of Cigarettes on the Streets in Ashiya City]. Retrieved July 18, 2019, from AN00064011-20111200-0053.pdf

Sakaguchi. K. (2019, July 27). Tabako to haigann [Tobacco Smoking and Lung Cancer]. Retrieved July 18, 2019, from [https://www.jstage.jst.go.jp/article/jbes/ 68/5/68\_339/\_article/-char/ja/](https://www.jstage.jst.go.jp/article/jbes/%2068/5/68_339/_article/-char/ja/)

Takada, E. (March 28,2017, March 28). Zyoshiseito no kitsuenn ni kannsuru gennzyou to kadai [Current situation and issues about smoking of female students]. Retrieved July 18, 2019, from <https://fuksi-kagk-u.repo.nii.ac.jp/?action=pages_view_main&active_action=repository_view_main_item_detail&item_id=2346&item_no=1&page_id=24&block_id=58>

Takahashi, H. (August 29, 2008). Syokuzikannkyou no chigai ga syokuyokutou ni oyobosu eikyou [ Influence that difference of surrounding of eating on appetite etc]. Retrieved July 18, 2019, from [https://www.jstage.jst.go.jp/article/ ajscs/20/0/20\_0\_94/\_article/-char/ja/](https://www.jstage.jst.go.jp/article/%20ajscs/20/0/20_0_94/_article/-char/ja/)

Corpus Analysis Addendum

The topic of my persuasive paper is that to prohibit smoking is good. I chose this topic because I hate smoking and smoking has no benefits. In my paper I want to express how bad smoking is and many people don’t like cigarettes. In Japanese this would be expressed by *kirai* (嫌い). My dictionary lists several possible lexical items: don’t like, hate, and dislike

To clarify this, I used the Concordance of Contemporary American English, COCA, which can be found at <https://www.english-corpora.org/>. I found the following examples.

It appears that *don’t like* is used widely as in the following:

I *don’t like* to swim.

My friends *don’t like* insects.

I *don’t like* the book.

*Hate* is also used to express the degree of dislike is terrible. For example,

I *hate* math.

I *hate* liar.

My friends *hate* the smell of cigarettes.

However, *dislike* is used to express don’t like to do something. For example,

 I *dislike* to do my homework.

I *dislike* you.

I *dislike* gossip.

Thus, in my persuasive paper, *don’t* *like* or *hate* would be appropriate for my sentence:

Cigarettes has no benefits. Therefore I hate them.